

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

Claim 1 (Canceled)

Claim 2 (Currently Amended) The A method for mapping a valid stack up to a destination program counter, said stack having a layout of instructions for a method including one or more branches, said method of claim 1 wherein the step of mapping a path of control flow on the stack comprises comprising:

mapping a path of control flow on the stack from any start point in a selected method to the destination program counter by locating a linear path from the beginning of the method to the destination program counter and iteratively processing an existing bytecode sequence for each branch, and identifying said path as complete when said destination program counter is reached, said mapping including processing a first linear bytecode sequence until the control flow is interrupted;

simulating stack actions for executing said existing bytecodes along said path, and constructing a virtual stack for storage in a pre-allocated memory location; and,

recording unprocessed targets from any branches in the first linear bytecode sequence for future processing.

Claim 3 (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein the step of mapping a path of control flow on the stack further comprises:

processing an additional bytecode linear sequence until the control flow is

interrupted; and

recording unprocessed targets from any branches in the additional linear bytecode sequence for future processing, where the destination program counter was not reached during an earlier processing of a linear bytecode sequence.

Claim 4 (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein the step of processing any linear bytecode sequence comprises:

determining if a bytecode in said any linear bytecode sequence is a breakpoint with a pointer to bytecode data; and

replacing the breakpoint with the bytecode data.

Claim 5 (Original) The method of claim 3 wherein the step of processing any linear bytecode sequence comprises:

determining if a bytecode in said any linear bytecode sequence is a breakpoint with a pointer to bytecode data; and

replacing the breakpoint with the bytecode data.

Claim 6 (Canceled)

Claim 7 (Currently Amended) The method of claim [[1]] 2, further comprising:

encoding the virtual stack as a bitstring and storing the bitstring at a selected destination for use in memory management operations.

Claim 8 (Original): The method of claim 7, wherein the step of storing the bitstring comprises storing the bitstring to the selected method as compiled on a heap.

Claim 9 (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the step of storing the bitstring comprises storing the bitstring to a pre-allocated area on the stack.

Claim 10 (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the step of simulating stack actions executing the bytecodes along the path further comprises:

inserting pre-determined stack actions for bytecodes maintaining the control flow in the selected method; and

calculating stack actions for bytecodes transferring the control flow from the selected method.

Claim 11 (Canceled)

Claim 12 (Currently Amended) The A method for mapping a Java bytecode stack up to a destination program counter, said Java bytecode stack having a layout of instructions for a method including one or more branches, said method of claim 11 wherein the step of mapping a path of control flow on the stack comprises comprising:

mapping a path of control flow on the stack from any start point in a selected method to the destination program counter by locating a linear path from the beginning of the method to the destination program counter and iteratively processing an existing bytecode sequence at each branch, and identifying said path as complete when said destination counter

is reached, said mapping including processing a first linear bytecode sequence until the control flow is interrupted;

simulating stack actions for executing said existing bytecodes along said path,
and constructing a virtual stack for storage in a pre-allocated memory location; and
recording unprocessed targets from any branches in the first linear bytecode sequence for future processing.

Claim 13 (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the step of mapping a path of control flow on the stack further comprises:

processing an additional bytecode linear sequence until the control flow is interrupted; and

recording unprocessed targets from any branches in the additional linear bytecode sequence for future processing, where the destination program counter was not reached during an earlier processing of a linear bytecode sequence.

Claim 14 (Original) The method of claim 12 wherein the step of processing any linear bytecode sequence comprises:

determining if a bytecode in said any linear bytecode sequence is a breakpoint with a pointer to bytecode data; and

replacing the breakpoint with the bytecode data.

Claim 15 (Original) The method of claim 13 wherein the step of processing any linear bytecode sequence comprises:

determining if a bytecode in said any linear bytecode sequence is a breakpoint
with a pointer to bytecode data; and
replacing the breakpoint with the bytecode data.

Claim 16 (Canceled)

Claim 17 (Currently Amended) The method of claim ~~11~~ 12 further comprising:

encoding the virtual stack as a bitstring and storing the bitstring at a selected
destination for use in memory management operations.

Claim 18 (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the step of storing the bitstring
comprises storing the bitstring to the selected method as compiled on a heap.

Claim 19 (Original) The method of claim 17, wherein the step of storing the bitstring
comprises storing the bitstring to a pre-allocated area on the stack.

Claim 20 (Currently Amended) The method of claim ~~11~~ 12 wherein the step of simulating
stack actions executing the bytecodes along the path further comprises:

inserting pre-determined stack actions for bytecodes maintaining the control
flow in the selected method; and

calculating stack actions for bytecodes transferring the control flow from the
selected method.

Claim 21 (Currently Amended) A computer-readable media having computer readable program code embodied therein for executing a method for mapping a valid stack up to a destination program counter, said stack having a layout of instructions for a method including one or more branches, the computer readable program code configured for executing method steps comprising:

mapping a path of control flow on the stack from any start point in a selected method to the destination program counter by locating a linear path from the beginning of the method to the destination program counter and iteratively processing an existing bytecode sequence for each branch, and identifying said path as complete when said destination program counter is reached, said mapping including processing a first linear bytecode sequence until the control flow is interrupted; and

simulating stack actions for executing said existing bytecodes along said path, and constructing a virtual stack for storage in a pre-allocated memory location; and

recording unprocessed targets from any branches in the first linear bytecode sequence for future processing.

Claim 22 (Currently Amended) A computer readable media having computer readable program code embodied therein for executing a method for mapping a Java bytecode stack up to a destination program counter, said Java bytecode stack having a layout of instructions for a method including one or more branches, the computer readable program code configured for executing method steps comprising:

mapping a path of control flow on the stack from any start point in a selected method to the destination program counter by locating a linear path from the beginning of the

method to the destination program counter and iteratively processing an existing bytecode sequence at each branch, and identifying said path as complete when said destination counter is reached, said mapping including processing a first linear bytecode sequence until the control flow is interrupted; and

simulating stack actions for executing said existing bytecodes along said path, and constructing a virtual stack for storage in a pre-allocated memory location; and,
recording unprocessed targets from any branches in the first linear bytecode sequence for future processing.

Claim 23 (Previously Presented) A program storage device readable by a machine, tangibly embodying a program of instructions executable by the machine to perform method steps for mapping a valid stack up to a destination program counter, said stack having a layout of instructions for a method including one or more branches, said method steps comprising:

mapping a path of control flow on the stack from any start point in a selected method to the destination program counter and identifying said path as complete when said destination counter is reached; and

simulating stack actions for executing existing bytecodes along said path, wherein the step of mapping a path of control flow on the stack comprises:

processing a first linear existing bytecode sequence until the control flow is interrupted; and

recording unprocessed targets in a pre-allocated memory location from any branches in the first linear existing bytecode sequence for future processing, and

where the destination program counter was not reached during an earlier

processing of a linear existing bytecode sequence,

processing an additional existing bytecode linear sequence until the control flow is interrupted; and

recording unprocessed targets in said pre-allocated memory location from any branches in the additional linear existing bytecode sequence for future processing.